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UNECE

11 September 2020

28th OSCE Economic and Environmental Forum **CONCLUDING MEETING** Prague, 10-11 September 2020

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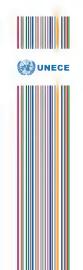
September 2020

**UNECE** 

## Trade Facilitation and electronic Business for transparancy and combat of corruption

Session III: Preventing and combating corruption in the field of natural resources and environmental protection.

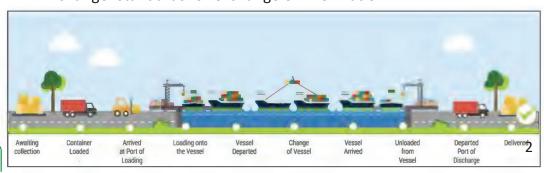
**Markus Pikart UNECE Trade Division** 



#### **Better procedures through better** informaton

Simplification and automation of international trade procedures

- Procedures: Policy recommendations on best practices
  - Best practices for trade procedures and controls
  - Guidelines and instruments for collaboration of Government agencies
- Information: eBusiness standards
  - Semantics: What is the meaning of data
  - Exchange: standards for exchange of information





## How simplified procedures reduce space for corruption

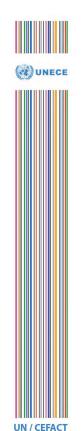
Simplified and well defined & documented procedures create an even level playing field for all

Procedures and document requirements are well defined, efficient and practical
Procedures published, including changes in legislation
Reduced discretionary power of officials
No needs for shortcuts
Cuts out middle man
Partnership with compliant traders (Authorized Economic

Operators)

focused on highest risks

3



# Electronic information increases transparency and control

Electronic information exchange increases transparency, regulatory cooperation and control

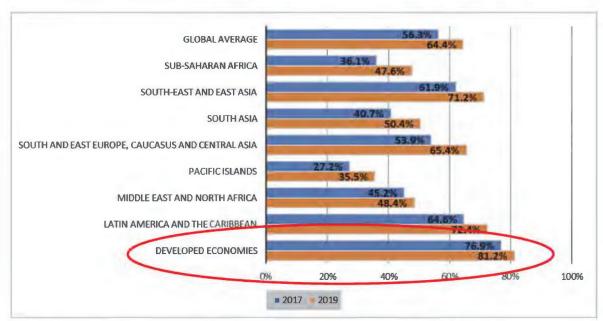
· Production of the control of the c	
☐ Procedures are enforced and protocolled (who, what, when, where, how)	
lacksquare Formalized interaction between officials and traders	
☐ Take cash out of the system	
☐ High quality and real-time information with immediate audit control	t and
☐ Electronic data exchange enables collaboration between Government agencies and targeted interventions	
☐ Electronic Risk Management: systematic, science based contr	rols





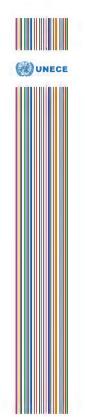
## Implementation of Trade Facilitation Measures

Figure 5: Progress of implementation of Trade Facilitation measures by various regions, 2017 and 2019



Source: The UN Global Survey on Digital and Sustainable Trade Facilitation, untfsurvey.org, 2019

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## UN/CEFACT standards for agriculture trade and environment

UNECE develops (inter alia) the standards for electronic documents and information exchange in agriculture trade and environment protection

- ☐ Electronic Sanitary and Phytosanitary Certificates for control of trade in all type of agriculture produce (eSPS)
- ☐ Electronic CITES permits for trade in endangered species (eCITES)
- ☐ Electronic Quality certificates for trade in Fresh Fruits and Vegetables (eQuality)
- ☐ Traceability for sustainable agri-food and textile trade
- ☐ Standards for information exchange for fisheries management and to combat IUU (UN/FLUX)
- ☐ Transboundary movement of waste (BRS Convention)





# eCITES: Electronic systems for improved transparency and control of trade in endangered species

#### CITES: A Convention built on a permit



- □ Binding trade agreement for 183 Parties to control trade in endangered species
- ☐ Trade is regulated through the issuance, exchange and control of CITES permits
- □ Permit ensures legality, sustainability and traceability of trade
- → The CITES permit is the key instrument of the Convention to control the trade in the species it protects

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### Illegal trade in wildlife

Estimated 5 – 20 billion USD illegal trade in wildlife (excluding marine & timber)
 Illegal trade in wildlife is now ranked 4th in transnational crime
 Frequent patterns:

 highly organized crime
 laundering of illegal trade with legal trade
 corruption on all levels of Government and society
 often use of fraudulent paperwork

 Criminals exploit gaps in the control systems (manual procedures, lack of electronic information

→ Need for electronic CITES permit system to strengthen permit issuance

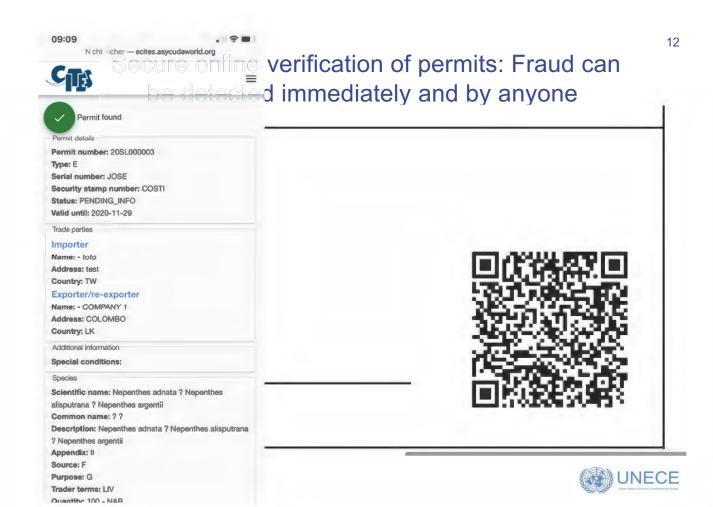
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exchange & risk management)

and control processes and to fight illegal trade

ASYCUDA eCITES BaseSolution
Online access to electronic Permit management

ENDANGE	ION ON IONAL TRADE IN RED SPECIES OF NA AND FLORA	PERMIT/CERTIFICATE No  EXPORT  RE-EXPORT  IMPORT  OTHER:	. 20SL000003	Original 2. Valid until 04-03-2021	
Importer (name and address) toto test,     a. Country of Import TW - Talwan, Province of China		Exporter/re-exporter (name, address and country)     COMPANY 1     COLOMBO,     LK - Sri Lanka			
S. Special conditions  If for the arbitrals, this permit or certificate is valid only if the trans- Animals Regulations: If for the plants, with the UTA Pertinable Cot transport, with the CITES Guidelines for the Non-Air Transport of  5e. Purpose of the transaction  G - Botanical Gardons	rgo Regulations; or, in the case of non-air	6. Name, address, national seal/stamp  DEMOGRATIC SOC  REPUBLIC  ON  112868	cialist F	DEPARTMENT OF WILDLIFE CONSERVATION CONSTRUCTION	
7./8. Scientific name (genue and species) and common name of animal or plant  7./8. S.N.: Neperathes adnata ?	9. Description of specimens, including identifying marks or numbers (aga/sex if live)  9. Nepenthes adnata?	10. Appendix no. and source	11. Quantity (including unit)	11s. Total exported/Quota	
Nepenthes alisputrana? Nepenthes argentil; C.N.: ??  12. Permit no. Country of origin *	Nepenthes alisputrana ? Nepenthes argentii;	Appendix: II ; Source: F - Animals born in captivity  12a. Country of last re- export  Certificate	Quantity: 100 NAR	Quota: N/A  12b.No of the operation ** or date of acquisition ***	
N/A     Country in which the specimens were taken from the wear of Appendix-I species brad in capthese For pre-Convention specimens.	N/A id, bred in captivity or artificially propagated ( rity or artificially propagated for commercial p	N/A N/A N/A (only in case of re-export) surposes	N/A	N/A	
13. This permit/certificate is issued by:  Department of Wildlife Conservation, 811A, Jayanthipura, Battaramulla, Sri Lanka.  Place	11-02-2020 Date		Security stamp, signature and official	soal S	
14. Export endorsement: 15. Bill or e Block Quentity	cong. the shill number.				
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## Thank you

Markus Pikart markus.pikart@un.org UNECE September 2020